

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

FOURTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JUNE 20th, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS

The Weather Man Says "Fair And Warmer" This Week

SO THIS IS TO REMIND YOU THAT
The 50 cent Sport-Shirts for
MEN and BOYS
ARE HERE.

We made special efforts to get an extra good article for 50 CENTS, and we have them in plain Blue, White, Palm Beach and White with fancy Striped Collars.

ECKERT'S STORE "On The Square"

Beginning June 19 store closes at 5:00 o'clock.

PHOTOPLAY

"The Secretary of Frivolous Affairs"

A MUTUAL MASTERPIECE

This picture is taken from the book by May Futrell, and deals with the employing of a secretary whose chief duty is to straighten out matrimonial affairs of the family.

HAROLD LOCKWOOD AND MAY ALLISON
ARE IN THE LEADING ROLES

Miss Allison is a beautiful girl and a talented actress, while Mr. Lockwood is a fine looking young fellow and an impressive actor.

SHOW STARTS AT 6:30 ADMISSION 5 CENTS TO ALL

Continuous from 6.30 to 11 p.m. **WALTER'S THEATRE** Admission 5 cents

The House of Quality Photo Plays

"THE MYSTERIES OF MYRA"

PRESENTING

JEAN SOUTHERN & HOWARD ESTERBROOK

In an inspiring motion picture drama dealing with the efforts which modern science is making to penetrate and explain the mysteries of occult forces. A photoplay that is different from anything that has ever before been shown on the screen. THE HOUSE OF SURPRISE. A SANAY DRAMA. In two parts featuring John Paul and Elizabeth Furbridge. TOMORROW—SPECIAL MATINEE—for children—showing the famous comedy "The Mishaps of Musty Suffer". Special price for children—three cents.

MORE Palmolive Specials

6 Cakes Soap	.90
1 Shampoo	.50
1 Vanishing Cream	.50
Total	\$1.90

ALL FOR 59 CENTS.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

Special Sale on Toilet Soaps

This sale is continued this week with some new kinds added.

Armour's soap, 3 cakes to the box, 3 boxes for 21c A wonderful value.

Armour's and Jergen's soaps, 25c box for 19c

Pura Soap, 1 cake soap glycerine or Cocoa Oil and one bottle shampoo, 25c value for 15c

Buy while you can get soap at these prices.

Gettysburg : Department : Store.

MEN'S STRAW HATS !!!

NEWEST SHAPES IN FINE

Sennits, Splits, Leghorns & Soft Braids

Genuine South American Panama Hats: Panamas In All The Newest Shapes.

ROGERS & MARTIN CO.

AGENCY FOR FOOTER'S DYE WORKS

PLANNED TO QUIT DANGEROUS WORK

John Delap would have Given up Job that Resulted in his Death. Was Completing Week at Time of Accident.

Yielding to the pleadings of his little children who begged him to give up his job in the mine where a dozen fellow workmen had been killed, John W. Delap had promised his family last week that on Thursday he would give up his position. Monday he was struck by falling rocks and his death followed on Wednesday.

The danger of being struck by falling rocks had been apparent for some time at the gold mine at Kendall, Montana, where Mr. Delap was employed, but the hours were not long and the pay was good so that the workmen were willing to take some risks. The disaster of two weeks ago had caused unusual fears, however, and many families begged their wage-earners to give up the employment on this account.

When his children pleaded with him to do this Mr. Delap, after some hesitation, agreed, but said that he would wait until his week was completed and then take up other employment.

The body arrived here Monday evening, accompanied by the widow and the three children. Another child resides here with the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Amos Delap, on Railroad street. With the arrival of the family there was brought the first news regarding the details of the fatal accident.

Last Monday Mr. Delap and another workman were sitting in the mine, resting a few moments before starting home at the end of their day's work. As they sat there, the stones above them started to fall. One of them—not a large one—struck Mr. Delap on the top of the head. This would not have resulted seriously, but a moment later a boulder, weighing about 150 pounds, came crashing down and struck a glancing blow, fracturing his neck. The workman sitting at his side was not injured.

After the accident Mr. Delap was taken to the hospital. He remained conscious for a long while and was able to tell his wife all the details of the mishap when she called to see him there. Friends were very kind and everything possible was done to save the injured man's life, but without avail.

MORE FINES IMPOSED

Guard Takes Action against Men Going Twenty Miles an Hour.

For exceeding the avenue speed limits Saturday evening, Charles Eichelberger, of Emmitsburg, on Monday night paid a fine and costs of \$13.80 before United States Commissioner Wible, while William Rosensteel, also of Emmitsburg, paid \$15.30. It is said they were traveling twenty miles an hour when a guard gave notice.

FUNERAL NOTICE

Delap Funeral will be Held on Wednesday Afternoon.

The funeral of the late John W. Delap will be held from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Amos Delap, on Railroad street, Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock, conducted by Rev. F. E. Taylor and Dr. A. E. Wagner. Interment in Evergreen cemetery.

LADIES' DAY

All Women will be Admitted Free to this Game.

Friday will be observed as ladies' day by the Gettysburg club of the Blue Ridge League and all ladies and small children will be admitted free of charge. Each club is allowed one such day each month. Frederick will be the opposing team.

BOOSTERS' MEETING

Business Men of Town to Have Session To-Night.

The Booster's Club will meet this evening at eight o'clock in the office of Runk and Peckman. A full attendance of the members is desired.

ECKERT'S STORE closes at five o'clock during midsummer except Saturdays.—advertisement 1

ONLY ONE HERE CALLED TO ARMS

And he will be Excused from Service on Account of Business and for Reason that he is Married.

Gettysburg has only one National Guardsman who is affected by the call to arms of the Pennsylvania State Militia. He is E. D. Kissinger, local agent for the American Express Company. Mr. Kissinger has been notified by his company commander to be in readiness for service, if necessary, but he does not expect to have to go.

He is a member of Company A, 8th Regiment, which has its headquarters in York. On account of the fact that he has not been living in York for some time he has been excused from drill for almost a year and this, coupled with the fact that he is a married man, relieves him from a call for mobilization purposes. Only in the event of actual war would he be compelled to respond to a call to the colors.

Mr. Kissinger has notified his captain that he is living in Gettysburg and of his present occupation. His connection with the express company also relieves him of the necessity of going to the camp at Mount Gretna, for all guardsmen in similar positions are relieved of complying with the order unless some unusual condition arises.

Coupled with all these circumstances is the additional news from York that Company A is now recruited to its full minimum strength of sixty-five members. Later, it is the plan to develop the National Guard to its full war strength, which would give each company 150 men.

Dispatches this morning state that Pennsylvania troops will be among the first to be assigned to border duty but, if this is true and they go, it is scarcely likely that Gettysburg will be represented unless some of the young men of town get the fever and go to one or other of the towns nearby and enlist in one of the companies there.

TO SELL PULLMAN PLANT

Two Million Dollars is Sum Mentioned in Deal.

Negotiations are under way for the sale of the Pullman Motor Car company's interests to a syndicate of New York men, and the president, Carlton L. Hoff, in company with John C. Schmidt and George S. Schmidt, left for that city Monday night for the purpose of closing the deal. Two million dollars is the sum mentioned in connection with the deal.

The story is that a group of New York financiers seek to purchase the great York industry and to extend it and make a specialty of auto trucks in addition to the regular lines of Pullman automobiles. It is the intention of the purchasers to erect a new plant, not only on the present North George street site, but on the new plot secured at Grantley or at Elmwood. Fred M. Small also is in New York with a view of selling the purchasers a site at Elmwood.

Since the Pullman plant struck such a wonderful stride a year or so ago it has attracted the attention of capitalists all over the country, and for some time efforts have been under way to buy it.

LEAVE TOWN

Railroader and Family to Reside in Waynesboro.

William Mahanna, former inspector on the Western Maryland at this place, has moved with his family to Waynesboro where Mr. Mahanna has accepted a position in the Frick Company shops. The furniture was moved to Waynesboro to-day in Mumpers trucks.

ARM FRACTURED

Motor Backfires with Painful Result to Youthful Driver.

John Codori, young son of Mr. and Mrs. William F. Codori, broke his right forearm this morning when an automobile which he was cranking suddenly backfired.

THE Arendtsville Grange will hold its annual picnic, Saturday, June 24th, in Heiges' Grove, Sheldon W. Funt, will deliver an address at 2:00 p. m. Everybody welcome.—advertisement 1

USED RAZOR TO SLASH FRIEND

Ripped Open his Coat from Shoulder to Waist and Inflicted Serious Wounds. Assailant Makes his Escape.

A cutting affray, in which a razor figured, occurred at Pen Mar Saturday evening, with the result that Garrett Needy, young son of Charles Needy, Rouzerville, is suffering from three ugly cuts on his back and the officers are hot on the trail of James Black, from about Cavetown, the perpetrator of the assault.

Young Needy and a companion, Percy Sheffer, both of Rouzerville, were on the floor of the carousel Saturday evening, watching the circling animals. Black was on the machine going around. For some reason, which has not yet been explained, as he passed Needy and Sheffer he threw out a foot and caught Needy in the stomach and planted the other foot above Sheffer's eye.

The boys waited till the machine stopped when they went up to Black to know why he had kicked them. Black answered by whipping out a razor and making a lunge at Needy aiming straight for his neck. Needy turned halfway around. The razor in its descent caught him on the shoulder and slashed his coat open to his waist line. On the shoulder blade the sharp steel found the flesh and gashed it to the bone for a distance of six inches. He made two other lunges in quick succession but these did not penetrate deeply nor to any considerable length, as Needy had by this time got too far away.

As soon as he could reach him Sheffer grabbed Black and felled him with a powerful blow.

Needy was quickly taken to his home. It required thirteen stitches to sew up the major wound. The young man is on a fair way to recover, and feels that he came off luckily with his life.

Sunday Needy went to Smithsburg and swore out a warrant for Black's arrest. The warrant was placed in the hands of Constable Claude Ferguson and a Western Maryland railroad detective and the two went on the trail. They searched the mountain and all along the slopes during the remainder of the day and evening.

As soon as he was disarmed Saturday night Black took to his heels down the mountain in the direction of Glen Afton Springs and has not been seen or heard of since.

HOWARD WITH HANOVER

Terriers and Raiders May Exchange Two Pitchers.

A rumor, which is credited in base ball circles, is to the effect that Earl Howard, the tall right-hander, who has been with the Terriers for several weeks, will be traded to Hanover. It is said Hagerstown will receive in return for Howard, Knauer, who had been hurling great ball for Hanover the first part of the season.

Knauer had some trouble with Manager Starr, of the Raiders, and refused to pitch for Hanover. The Hanover management immediately suspended him and every inducement would not make him don a Raider uniform.

The two rival managers have nothing to say concerning the matter. Howard, however, heard the rumor and stated that he understood that a deal was on for the exchange.

FIGURES DON'T LIE

Less than Three Dollars More per Game from Martinsburg.

Yesterday we printed a few kind things that the Martinsburg Journal had to say about Gettysburg and her people, and a few unkind things it said about our base ball attendance. An examination of last year's books shows that we received from Martinsburg for the six games played there \$190.87, while for an equal number of games played here we turned over to their management \$173.12. Their average per game was \$31.81; ours was \$28.85. The last census shows Martinsburg to have almost three times the population of Gettysburg. Speaking about supporting the games at home!

Martinsburg Journal please copy. Also other papers which reprinted the Journal's original comments.

KODAK films, everything in Kodak line always fresh. Huber's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

NEED NOT GET NEW MAIL BOXES

Rural Mail Patrons to be Saved Expense of Replacing Present Receptacles. Must Provide for Parcels now.

Announcement by the postoffice department that two sizes of mail boxes for use on rural and star routes have been designed by the department and will be ready to be furnished to patrons after July 1, next, has caused misunderstanding in the minds of some of the rural patrons of the Gettysburg office, it being their impression that they will have to purchase the new type.

Explanation in the matter is given in the daily bulletin of the postoffice department, received by Postmaster Charles S. Duncan. The one of the new type of mail boxes is for letters and ordinary mail, while the larger box is to be used for all classes of mail, including parcel post.

The bulletin is explicit in stating that patrons may use either size box, and will not be required to discard boxes in use July 1, while they remain serviceable, but all boxes erected after that date must be of the new design. A list of manufacturers of the approved boxes, with the prices, will be printed in the official postal guide and daily bulletin, and announced later.

The larger of the boxes is especially adapted for parcel post packages, and will not only help greatly to improve the parcel post service between the city resident and the farmer, but on the other hand will be of assistance to the rural carrier in the delivery of this kind of mail. At the present time, with the one type of mail box, a large post package is frequently too large to be placed in the box. If the box is within calling distance from the residence, the farmer or some member of his family may come to the box and receive the parcel. If not, the carrier places a slip of paper in the mail box stating that he has a parcel, and that he will deliver it on his trip the following day. All this causes considerable delay in the delivery of the parcel.

The postoffice department has also approved a new invention, which, postoffice authorities say, may revolutionize the parcel post service, at least as far as shipments "from farm to table" are concerned. It is likewise expected to have its influence in eliminating the middleman.

The invention, to which the committee on experiment, research and design, of the postoffice department has given its formal approval, is a container by which country produce of all kinds can be shipped any distance without danger of breaking or spoiling. The container is made of the same fiber as that used in the construction of railroad car wheels. It is a cylindrical box, with a peculiar inner arrangement of fiber partitions, in which eggs can be placed and the package thrown around as ordinary baggage without danger of breaking.

The containers are not to be sold but leased by fourth assistant postmasters, whose inducement will be the additional cancellation of postage stamps through the increased use of the parcel post, and a commission on the boxes. A half dozen of these car wheel fiber boxes can be placed in a specially made bag which can be handled as ordinary parcel post matter. There is a return tag on the container, and stamps already affixed by the sender insures its return.

PREPARE FOR FAIR

Music and Things to Eat at Three Night Event this Week.

Arrangements are going along nicely for the base ball fair to be held in the Eberhart Garage on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday evenings of this week. The band will be present to furnish the music and there has been a liberal response to the requests for donations for the bazaar. A pleasant time is promised all who attend and liberal patronage will be very greatly appreciated.

MEETING

A special meeting of the Ladies' Guild, will be held at St. James Lutheran parsonage, this evening at 7:30.

Mrs. George Taylor, of Baltimore street, spent Monday in York.

AUTO tires and tubes promptly vulcanized at C. A. Stoner's shop, 42 West High street.—advertisement 1

MONEY AND NAMES FOR FREE ROADS

Widely Signed Petitions will have Desired Effect, it is Believed, and Many Toll Roads will be Taken over.

Thousands of names have already been signed in Adams and York counties to the petitions asking to have toll roads eliminated and not only this, but subscriptions and cash contributions are coming in most encouragingly. To date 108 petitions are in circulation, together with ninety subscription books. The committee in charge will meet this week to arrange to place petitions and subscription books in points where none have yet been put in circulation.

Subscriptions received have been as high as \$25 each, and some of them are from persons for many years interested in turnpike companies and holding turnpike stock.

When the petitions are all signed up they will be presented to the York County court, and it is expected that viewers will be appointed who will take testimony and report to the court, recommending that a certain sum be awarded for each of the five turnpikes leading into York. Then, if the award is satisfactory the county commissioners will pay the bill.

Funds now being collected are for the purpose of paying for the legal end of the enterprise, advertising of the petitions, printing, counsel fees, etc., and in case of reversal, to prosecute the five cases.

After an agreement has been reached and the turnpike companies reimbursed, the attention of the state highway department will be called to the fact that these roads are on the Sproul route and that it is up to the state to put them in condition and keep them so. The York and Maryland Line turnpike is claimed to be in the poorest condition of any of the roads. It is expected to present the first petition during the first session of court after the first day of August. Similar action will be taken in each of the five cases.

FEW MARINES COMING

Mexican Trouble Partly to Blame for Change in Plans.

The arrival of the Marine officers at Gettysburg will be delayed from July 15 to August 1st, according to advices received from Captain Harold Snyder who will have charge of the party. Instead of numbering sixty as expected a week or more ago, there will be but fifteen to come. The Mexican trouble, as well as the general confusion resulting from the various new regulations concerning the army and navy, are given as the reasons for the change in the plans.

WANTS DEEDS CHANGED

Railroad Asks that they be Made in its Name.

The Western Maryland Railway has brought action in the local courts to have the deeds for certain lands in Hamilton and Liberty townships changed to the name of the railroad from that of John M. Hood, former president of the road, and in whose name the land was originally purchased, though paid for by the railroad. The deeds include a number of sections of land, including that on which Fairfield station now stands.

COMING EVENTS

Happenings Scheduled for Gettysburg during Next Few Weeks.

June 22—Visit Philadelphia Grocers and Importers

June 22-24—Base Ball Club Fair. New Eberhart Garage.

June 24—Meeting York-Adams Rural Carriers' Association.

July 4—John Burns Celebration. County Court House.

G. W. Weaver and Son: Having changed their delivery system from horse drawn vehicles to the quicker automobile service, they have for sale at a bargain, one grey mare suitable for family use, fearless of all objects; one good surrey, light delivery wagon suitable for a trucker's market wagon; one Jenny Lind, nearly new; harness, blankets, etc. Call on owners, or Philip Hoffman, Gettysburg Hotel stables.—advertisement 1

DON'T forget J. A. Dentler's sale, Tuesday, June 27th.—advertisement 1

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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BELL PHONE 6-M.

UNITED PHONE 91-W.

Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties. Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

WE ARE PREPARED

with two items that will see a price increase before the end of the season and possible shortage at a number of stores.

THE FLYNET SEASON finds us with a supply of cord and leather nets ready for our customers. In work and driving weights BINDER TWINE

will be hard to get unless your store has been fore-sighted. We have a stock that will amply take care of our business. But do not delay in getting your supply for the season. We cannot guarantee that the price for it will not be raised later on.

Adams County Hardware Co.

Mumper's Furniture House,
Get your Picture Framing done here. Any size, any price.

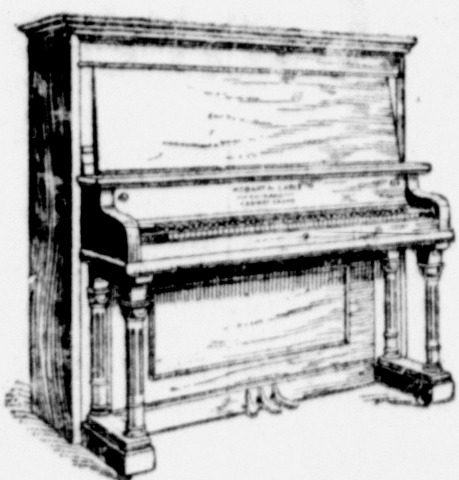
Do you know that we do all sorts of fine Cabinet work, Inlay work, Revenering, Fancy Decorating back of Chairs, Clocks, Pictures, etc.

Upholstering work a Specialty, we can furnish you the material, or do the work and you furnish your own Material.

Furniture stored for any length of time. Also Pianos stored.

Furniture Moving, we can move your goods without any damage, any distance by Truck. Either small or large Truck.

CHAS. S. MUMPER & CO.

Pianos, Player Pianos,
Victrolas & RecordsWe have a large stock of leading makes of pianos on hand, and will offer them at reasonable prices. Every piano guaranteed by its maker. Give us a call before buying elsewhere. We have a large stock of Victor Records on hand. Come in and hear them.
Free Sewing Machines with a guarantee for life.Spangler's Music House
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Summer Sale Of Fancy Articles

Fancy work of all kinds including Childrens' clothes. Also practical things for sale from June 7th to June 17th.
Afternoon and Evening

LAURA LADY

21 Steinwehr Avenue

U. S. TROOPS
WILL STAYThe Situation in Mexico is Up
to Carranza.

MILITIA RESPONDS TO CALL

As President Wilson Sends Refusal to Withdraw Troops, American Seamen Are Attacked at Mazatlan While Trying to Land.

Washington, June 20.—Upon General Carranza's reception of a stern refusal to heed his demands for recall of American troops from Mexico hinges the question of a Mexican war, in the opinion of President Wilson's close advisers.

They were prepared for the possibility of open hostilities after the note, which will be sent forward today, has reached Carranza's hands.

No indication has come that the first chief's attitude of implacable hostility would be shaken by the reiterated declaration of the latest communication that the United States has no aggressive or warlike purpose toward Mexico, but is firmly resolved to protect her borders and end brigandage in the border states.

While the diplomatic steps were in progress, the nation was stirring throughout its width and breadth with the movement of national guardsmen mobilizing to guard the border. At least 100,000, and possibly a far larger number, were preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. For the present their mission will be purely one of defense, but should war come, they will be ready also for that. They will not be assigned for border duty until mustered into the federal service.

Even when mobilization is completed, only such units will be ordered south as General Funston desires to fill the gaps in his 1800 mile guard line. The remainder will rest on their arms at the state mobilization camps, for the present, awaiting the turn of events.

Official reports from many quarters show that a flame of popular feeling against the United States is being kindled throughout Mexico. Apparently it is being done with the sanction of General Carranza, for the acts in many cases are those of his authorized military or civil agents.

From Juarez to the west coast of Mexico, posters have appeared calling the people to arms and asserting that the United States is preparing to hurl its armies into Mexico. Chaotic conditions prevail everywhere, it is said. Clashes such as between Mexican troops and American bluejackets at Mazatlan show that relations are strained to the breaking point. The act of a subordinate commander anywhere may bring on fighting that will result in war.

In a clash between men of the United States gunboat Annapolis and Carranza soldiers and other Mexicans at Mazatlan, on the west coast of Mexico, a boatload of Americans were fired upon, two officers from the Annapolis were taken prisoner, and one petty officer was gravely wounded in the encounter. The Annapolis crew returned the fire and killed or wounded six Mexicans, according to official despatches. Mexicans say a drunken Japanese fired the shot that caused the trouble.

At Guaymas, also on the Pacific coast, Mexicans have been called to arms, and, it is reported, all able-bodied Americans were ordered imprisoned and all foreigners in the Gayni valley ordered disarmed. Many Americans have taken refuge on American warships in the port.

Admiral Winslow, commanding the Pacific coast naval force, on the basis of radio despatches at San Diego, reported the Mazatlan encounter as follows:

"The Annapolis at Mazatlan reports that a boat went in shore for parleying with Mexicans. Ensign O. O. Kessing and Assistant Paymaster Andrew Mowat taken prisoners. Boat fired on. Boatwain's Mate (second class) L. M. Laughter gravely wounded. Crew returned fire, and report killing or wounding about six Mexicans."

YUCATAN DECLARES WAR

Mexican State Orders All Americans to Leave.

Galveston, Tex., June 20.—The Mexican government in Yucatan has issued a proclamation ordering all Americans out of Mexico, and declaring a state of war existing between the two countries, according to passengers arriving here on the Norwegian steamship Nils, from Progreso.

Call on Spain to Avert War. Madrid, June 20.—The Spanish press association received a cablegram sent on behalf of the Spanish colony in Mexico City, urging King Alfonso to take action to prevent war between the United States and Mexico. The selection of the king to arbitrate the differences between the countries is suggested.

U. S. Consul Leaves Mexico. Brownsville, Tex., June 20.—United States Consul J. H. Johnson arrived from his post at Matamoros and announced that he had received orders from Washington to quit Mexico. Matamoros expects to be attacked by the United States, Consul Johnson said.

WANTED: young white man to wait on table in restaurant. C. B. Tate.—advertisement

GEN. JOHN J. PERSHING

In Command of United States
Forces in Mexico.CARRANZA STILL
HOPES FOR PEACEFirst Chief Urges Mexicans
to Be Calm.

Mexico City, June 20.—General Carranza, addressing a mass meeting in front of his residence, urged the citizens to refrain from hostile acts against Americans, and said he had hopes of peacefully arranging the difficulties between Mexico and the United States.

The first chief said, in part: "This is not the time for hasty action. I am trying to arrange our difficulties with the United States peacefully, and have hopes of succeeding. I want you to aid me."

"The encounter between American soldiers and Mexicans near Matamoros has been temporarily solved with the withdrawal of American troops from that region. The matter is now being taken up diplomatically."

"There was some trouble in Mazatlan caused by the intrusion of an American sailor, and that has also been adjusted for the time being. Go to your homes and be good Mexicans, remembering also that I will do my utmost to preserve the dignity of the Mexican nation. If we are forced to resort to arms, I will lead you in person."

Several thousand persons cheered the first chief. Early in the evening a big demonstration had been made in front of the national palace, and afterward the demonstrators paraded the principal streets of the city. The capital is calm and General Carranza's words are expected to have a good effect in maintaining this condition.

MAY BE SENT TO MEXICO

Congress Will Give Authority to Use Militia Outside Border.

Washington, June 20.—The administration arranged with congressional leaders specifically to authorize the use of the organized militia as an offensive force on Mexican soil.

Secretary of War Baker communicated to Representative Hay, chairman of the house military affairs committee, and Senator Chamberlin, head of the senate committee, the desire for action that would make clear the authority of the war department to send the militia men outside the borders of the United States and into Mexico.

Congressional leaders, while expressing the opinion that the president already has authority to send the state troops into Mexico as a defensive measure, assured Secretary Baker that authorization would be promptly forthcoming. By the time the militia had mobilized on the border, all legal action necessary to make them available for federal service anywhere in Mexico will have been taken.

BURN MR. WILSON IN EFFIGY

Mexican Banker Tells of Anti-American Demonstration in Vera Cruz.

New York, June 20.—Andrés S. Camerra, a Mexican banker, who arrived from Vera Cruz, said that President Wilson was burned in effigy in the streets of Vera Cruz just before he sailed.

He declared Mexico has several hundred thousand seasoned troops that America would find it much harder to defeat than in the war of 1848. Camerra is on his way to Spain for the Mexican government.

Lightning Burns 18,000 Barrels of Oil. Titusville, Pa., June 20.—Lightning which struck a \$20,000-barrel tank of oil at the pump station of the Tide-water Pipe Line company, near this city, was the origin of a spectacular fire. The tank contained about 18,000 barrels of oil, which was destroyed. The loss will amount to about \$35,000.

17-Year-Old Boys Called by Germany. London, June 20.—According to the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, all the seventeen-year-old boys in Germany have been ordered to report themselves to the military authorities.

WANTED: two ladies for order dept. Salary \$9.00. Give age, church, present occupation. Address T. J. Care of Times.—advertisement

MEXICANS SHIFT
TROOPS ON BORDER

Obregon's Chief of Staff Arrives at Juarez.

BANDITS JOIN CARRANZISTAS

American Military Authorities Make Preparations for Eventualities—Say Pershing is in No Danger.

El Paso, Tex., June 20.—Developments in the Mexican situation, crowding one on the heels of the other in the last thirty-six hours, have caused excitement paralleling that which followed the crossing of the frontier by the American expeditionary command at Columbus, N. M., more than three months ago.

American military authorities admit that every preparation has been made for eventualities, but say no trouble is anticipated in this immediate locality.

General George Bell, Jr., commanding the El Paso district, seems confident that with the 3500 troops on station here, he is prepared to cope with any emergency. Some consideration, however, is given a rumor that a body of Carranza soldiers, estimated at 5000, is encamped twenty miles south of Juarez, just across the border, prepared, if necessary, to reinforce the garrison of 4000, and that 8000 Carranza troops left Villa Ahumada, eighty-three miles south, for El Valle, southeast of Durban, one of Brigadier General John J. Pershing's field bases. This report has not been confirmed and is generally doubted.

General Francisco Serrano, chief of staff to General Alvaro Obregon, Mexican minister of war, has arrived in Juarez. Next to Obregon, Serrano is considered one of the ablest generals in the Carranza army. American military men believe he has been designated to take supreme command of the Mexican forces in the north if hostilities are begun.

Another report was that the Arrieta brothers, bandit leaders, have started north to aid Carranza's forces with a following said to include 2000 men.

Reports also are current that General Jacinto Trevino, Carranza commander of the army of the north, is arming all male citizens above the age of eighteen, following his recruiting campaign, for which orders recently were issued by the Mexican minister of war.

News that the fourth punitive expedition had been withdrawn near Matamoros and Secretary of War Baker's statement that the new draft of national guardsmen are for border duty only as needed, and not to increase General Pershing's command, had a quieting effect in Juarez, as it filtered through to the masses of the people.

So far as is known, only about ten Americans, other than expeditionary soldiers, remain in Chihuahua. Apprehension is manifested for five Americans at Parral, employees of American mining companies. All have been directed to leave Parral, if possible, for the border at once. The remainder at Chihuahua City are said to be protected by powerful Mexican friends.

Considerable relief was manifested upon the publication of the order of General Alvaro Obregon, Mexican minister of war, directing that no Mexican refugees be allowed to cross the international boundary. Some 4000 Mexicans from interior states have concentrated in Juarez in the last few days. In the hope of crossing into the United States in search of work.

Precautions are being taken to prevent the smuggling of ammunition across the Mexican line. Luis Correr was arrested, charged with trying to take 2500 rounds of small arms ammunition across the boundary in motor cars.

Reports from various towns in Chihuahua and Sonora, indicated that citizens generally are being armed and that a future of anticipatory excitement prevails throughout northern Mexico.

Military men continue to express confidence in the ability of General Pershing's command to protect itself.

McCormick and Wilson Talk Campaign

Washington, June 20.—Vance C. McCormick, the new chairman of the Democratic national committee, discussed the national campaign with President Wilson. Mr. McCormick, who had just arrived in the city, held conferences with several Democratic leaders.

Boy Falls Thirty Feet.

Shamokin, Pa., June 20.—George aged two years, a son of Mrs. Sophia Haines, suffered a fractured skull, a broken arm and internal injuries when he fell thirty feet to a stone pavement from a hotel porch here.

U. S. Citizens' Wives May Return.

Rome, June 20.—The Italian government has decided to permit wives of Italians who have become naturalized Americans and have not returned to Italy for military service, to rejoin their husbands in America.

Martial Law to Come Soon.

Chicago, June 20.—Reports reached Chicago from a reliable source that the American military authorities are to establish a strict censorship and proclaim martial law in all border towns within a few hours.

WANTED: woman for general housework in the country. No washing. Care of Times.—advertisement

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES

Child of Only Son of Republican
Presidential Candidate.

This grandson of Candidate Hughes is about one and a half years old. His father, a lawyer, who is now training at the Plattsburg military camp for business men, was married to Mrs. Marjory Bruce Stuart on June 17, 1914. There is another child, who was born to the pair five weeks ago. This picture was taken in their home in New York city.

PENNA. MILITIA TO
ASSEMBLE THURSDAYMovement to Mt. Gretna to
Begin Saturday.

Philadelphia, June 20.—Pennsylvania's contribution to the armed forces of the United States—approximately 10,000 members of the national guard—will give up civil pursuits on Thursday and assemble in their armories.

On Saturday they will begin moving to Mount Gretna, Pa., where all the troops of the state will mobilize. This movement may run over through Sunday and Monday.

The military authorities have allowed about a "fifty-fifty break" with the civil responsibilities and the military duties of the militiamen. Today and tomorrow will belong exclusively to the guardsmen, during which time they must wind up their personal affairs with a view to a prolonged absence, bid farewell to families and friends and repair to their armories with nothing to distract their attention from their duties as soldiers from then forward.

Thursday, Friday and part of Saturday will be allowed for preparatory work in the armories, including recruiting and going over arms and equipment to put them in the pink of condition.

Announcement to this effect was made by Brigadier General W. G. Price, Jr., commander of the First Brigade, just after he had a long telephone conversation with Adjutant General Thomas J. Stewart, in Harrisburg.

N. G. P. TO BE CALLED

Pennsylvania Militia to be Among First Ordered to Border.

San Antonio, Tex., June 20.—It was indicated at headquarters of the southern department that Major General Frederick Funston would request the war department to send him first the militia of New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois, as he believes he can make practical use immediately of these organizations.

Officers who witnessed the work of getting the guardsmen of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona into shape, expressed the hope that none of the state troops would be sent south until they had been drilled and made partially fit for field service.

\$3,980,000,000 Exports in 20 Months

Washington, June 20.—Exports to the United States for Europe for the first twenty months of the war reached a total value of \$3,980,000,000, according to a table completed by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce. Imports in the same period amounted to \$980,000,000. In ordinary times exports to Europe exceed the imports about two to one.

Mt. Gretna Wells Inspected.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 20.—State Commissioner of Health Dixon had all wells and streams in the vicinity of Mt. Gretna inspected by men from his department, the water supply of the camp having been previously inspected. Wells which were found not to have good drinking water are being placarded.

The Weather. Forecast for this section: Cloudy followed by clearing today; fair to tomorrow; variable winds.

LOST: on Saturday, on the Fairfield road, a Perfection hunting case watch and fob. Finder please return to Times office.—advertisement

PERSONAL NOTES
AND BRIEF ITEMS

Short Paragraphs of Personal Town Homes and those Visiting, Telling of Guests in and out of Town.

Mrs. Harry F. Breighner has returned to Blue Ridge Summit after spending several weeks at the home of her mother, Mrs. Emily Ramer, on Baltimore street.

Prof. H. Milton Roth, of Broadway, went to Clarion to-day where he is one of the board of examiners at the state normal school.

Miss Katie O'Neal and Miss Annie O'Neal have returned to their home on Carlisle street after a ten days' visit at Intermont, West Virginia.

Mrs. J. T. Huddle, of Washington, D. C., is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Charles H. Huber, on Carlisle street.

Mrs. Ida Gale and Miss Sue Cookland, of Washington, D. C., Mr. and Mrs. Smith and Edward Slifer, of Littlestown, have returned to their homes after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Rhinehart, Liberty street.

Prof. Albert Billheimer, of Buford street, left to-day for Princeton, N. J., where he will continue his studies at Princeton University this summer.

Miss Mary Ziegler has returned to her home in Philadelphia after a visit at the home of Mrs. Shields, York street.

Miss Elizabeth Bigham, of Carlisle street, is visiting in Fairfield. Miss Anna Vaughn has gone to Hagerstown to visit friends for several weeks.

Miss Mary Warner, of High street, is spending several days in Fairfield.

Miss Mary Smith has returned to her home on West Middle street, after a visit of a week with friends in Harrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Brownell, of San Jose, California, and Mrs. Anna Weigle, of Des Moines, Iowa, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Denton M. Stauffer, Carlisle street, after which they will visit friends and relatives in the county for some time.

Mrs. Howard Eckert, of St. Augustine, Florida, and Miss Nona Brown, of Lancaster, who have been guests at the home of Mrs. Sallie Cox, Lincoln avenue, have returned to their homes.

Sterling Valentine has returned to his home at Oxford, N. J., after a visit at the home of his mother, Mrs. M. Valentine, on Springs avenue.

Master Paul Dougherty has returned to his home on Baltimore street, after spending three weeks with friends in Baltimore.

Miss Annie Rhode, of Altoona, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Culp, on York street.

Miss Isabelle Griffith is spending several months at Chateauquay Basin, Canada.

Mrs. Sallie Bush, of Altoona, is visiting friends and relatives in town.

H. S. Reigle, of near Bendersville, is a visitor in Gettysburg to-day.

Misses Helen Menchey and Ruth Pittenturf, of South street, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Hunter Harness, in Lemoyne.

Thornton Rogers is spending a week at his home near Emmitsburg.

Clarence Epley, of York street, has gone to Boundbrook, N. J., to accept a position as driver for the American Express Company.

Lester Holler, of Harrisburg, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stallsmith, at their home on East Middle street.

Mrs. A. V. Scott and two daughters, Rachel and Rosa, of East Middle street, have returned home after spending some time in Easton and Philadelphia.

Mrs. George Gordon, of Waynesboro, has returned after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Weikert, on York street.

Edward Bayly has returned to Richmond, Virginia, after visiting friends and relatives here.

Rev. F. Strickland, of Cornwall, spent Monday with friends here.

Miss Louise Weaver, of Stevens street, has gone to Orrtanna to spend some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Herbst returned to their home, on York street, Monday evening after spending a week in York.

Mrs. Charles Masters has returned to her home in Baltimore after visiting at the home of Mrs. Lewis Minnigh, West Middle street.

Mrs. H. F. Gresley and C. J. Meister and daughter, Kathryn, of Baltimore, spent Wednesday with Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Glen. Mrs. Glen accompanied them on their return to Baltimore.

Miss Beulah Keckler and Miss Edna Heagy have gone to Thurmont to attend a Christian Endeavor convention.

Mrs. Jerome Hemler has returned to Hagerstown after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ellis Bucher, at her home on Centre Square.

(Additional personals on page three.)

LOTS OF GAMES HERE THIS WEEK

Double Header with Hanover Likely Attraction for Thursday. Team still First in Fielding. Batting Way Off.

The last four days of the week will see plenty of base ball on Nixon Field and with teams that should draw big crowds. Hanover comes here for Wednesday and Thursday, while Frederick will play Friday and Saturday.

With the eleven inning tie of Memorial Day still fresh in the minds of the Ponies' supporters, and the thrilling contest at Hanover on the afternoon of the same day another evidence of the bitter fight the Gettysburgians gave their neighbors, the two games here will be of unusual interest.

It is possible that on Thursday a double header will be played with Starr's Raiders, for the tie of Memorial Day goes as a postponed game and will have to be made up some time during the season. It is the general policy to pick these up as quickly as possible. Whether or not two games will be played depends largely on the condition of the Gettysburg pitchers after the set-to at Frederick to-day, and the Wednesday game here. If only one man is used in each game played, Plank will likely feel that things are in condition for another double header and the fans will have the unusual sport of seeing their keeneast rivals here twice in one afternoon.

Regarding the series with Frederick this week the interest is self-evident. Gettysburg has a good chance of crawling up on last year's Champs and it would mean everything to the fans if the Ponies could pace fast enough to get out of that cellar position. It will be a matter of several weeks at best but they are going now and will keep on going.

The averages up to Friday night show them still at the top of the pile in fielding, though errors made in Saturday's games will likely push them out of that coveted spot unless they do better this week and some of the other teams fall down. Gettysburg has been averaging only about an error and a half to a game, while Saturday's totals went ahead of that.

In batting the Ponies are the poorest team in the league. Only one man in the squad is hitting over .250. That is Sherman who has an average of .320. Last year's squad had a number hitting well up toward the .290 and .300 marks while Billy Mahaffie was the star of the team with .308 for the season. Some improvement will be necessary if anything like a decent showing is to come.

The fielding and batting averages of the teams up to last Friday night are as follows:

FIELDING	
G. P. O. A. E. P. C.	
Gettysburg	25 659 295 38 .962
Hagerstown	28 793 367 44 .962
Hanover	27 675 295 40 .960
Chambersburg	26 679 331 49 .954
Martinsburg	26 689 330 57 .947
Frederick	26 673 354 77 .930

BATTING	
G. A. B. R. H. P. C.	
Martinsburg	26 850 113 220 .259
Hagerstown	28 895 125 219 .246
Chambersburg	26 822 105 202 .246
Hanover	27 832 119 197 .237
Frederick	26 826 104 193 .234
Gettysburg	25 830 92 185 .223

In individual stick work the following are batting better than .300:

G. A. B. R. H. P. C.	
Rooney, Hn	8 29 10 12 .414
Pedone, C	26 100 20 35 .360
Percy, M	26 89 15 32 .358
Walter, Hg	28 96 21 34 .354
Scherdel, Hn	11 27 1 9 .333
Orrison, F	25 99 12 33 .333
Hooper, C	23 79 6 26 .329
Kolseth, C	26 93 16 30 .323
Sherman, G	9 25 4 8 .320
Dean, M	24 90 11 28 .311
Morris, M	23 81 18 25 .309
Stricker, C	11 26 6 8 .308
Long, M	26 99 21 30 .303

ANOTHER CHANGE

Fast Infielder Hits Fourth Team in his Travels.

Mike Fuhrey, formerly with Hagerstown, Gettysburg, and Hanover, is now in the Maroons' line-up. He takes the place of Clauser, who broke his leg on Saturday.

Yesterday's Results

Gettysburg 5; Frederick 3.	
(4 innings, no game)	
Hanover 5; Hagerstown 4.	
Chambersburg 5; Martinsburg 3.	

Standing of Clubs	
Hanover	16 11 .593
Chambersburg	17 12 .586
Martinsburg	15 14 .517
Hagerstown	15 15 .500
Frederick	13 14 .482
Gettysburg	8 18 .308

To-Day's Games

Gettysburg at Frederick.	
Hanover at Hagerstown.	
Chambersburg at Martinsburg.	

RALLY FALLS SHORT

Terriers again Get Busy, but not Busy Enough.

Hagerstown again pulled a last inning rally on Monday and almost won their game with Hanover, in the same way that they defeated Gettysburg in the first session of Saturday's double bill. Caddin's great catch of Weeden's liner ended the effort, however, with Hanover winning 5-4.

HANOVER	
AB	R H O A E
Pownall, cf	5 0 0 6 0 0
Starr, 3b	3 1 0 2 4 0
Spencer, lf	4 0 1 4 0 0
Rooney, 1b	4 1 2 5 1 0
Caddin, 2b	3 1 0 3 3 0
Clunk, cf	3 0 1 0 0 0
Crowder, ss	4 0 1 6 2 0
Stroh, c	3 0 1 1 1 0
Warden, p	3 1 1 0 0 0

Totals 32 5 7 27 11 0

HAGERSTOWN	
AB	R H O A E
Bangs, lf	5 0 0 4 1 0
Dysert, rf	5 0 2 1 0 0
Hurley, 1b	4 0 0 10 1 1
Walters, cf	4 0 1 4 0 0
Phoenix, 2b	4 1 1 3 2 1
Speraw, 3b	4 1 2 2 4 0
Phoenix, ss	4 1 1 2 1 0
Weeden, c	3 0 0 5 1 0
Benson, p	2 1 0 0 3 0
McCleary	0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals 35 4 11 27 13 2

Batted for Benson.

Hagerstown 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0-5

Two base hits—Bangs, Rooney, Phoenix and Doherty; first base on balls—off Benson 5; off Warden 2; struck out—by Benson 2; by Warden 1; double plays—Benson to Phoenix to Hurley; Phoenix to Doherty to Hurley; umpire—Hanks.

USED TWO AND WON

Chambersburg in Second Place by Better Margin.

The Maroons used both Millman and Thormahlen at Martinsburg on Monday and took a little better hold on second place by winning 5-3.

CHAMBERSBURG	
AB	R H O A E
Pedone, lf	4 0 0 1 0 0
Fuhrey, ss	4 0 0 0 3 0
Snyder, rf	4 3 3 0 0 0
Hooper, 1b	4 0 0 0 1 0
Kolseth, 3b	4 0 3 13 0 0
Malone, cf	4 0 0 2 0 0
Helmsky, 2b	4 1 0 0 0 0
Schauffe, c	3 1 1 11 1 0
Millman, p	0 0 0 0 2 0
Thormahlen, p	2 0 0 0 1 0

Totals 33 5 7 27 10 1

Batted for Goodwin in ninth.

Chambersburg 1 2 1 0 1 0 0 0-5

Martinsburg 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0-3

Two base hits—Bates, Percy, Schauffe and Morris; first base on balls—off Goodwin 2; off Millman 1; off Thormahlen 1; struck out—by Goodwin 2; by Thormahlen 10; double play—Thormahlen to Schauffe to Kolseth; umpire—Glatts.

SUSPENDED STRICKER

Found Manager in Hole and Tried to Stick him.

Stricker, Chambersburg's prize pitcher has been suspended indefinitely by Manager Hooper from the ranks of organized base ball. Secretary Farrell will be informed of the reason for the action which he will be asked to make legal. This is the story of the trouble:

Malone, Maroon centerfielder, felt rain on Friday night and not expecting a game Saturday, asked to be allowed to go to his home in Baltimore. He left on his vacation early Saturday morning. Manager Hooper when he found a game probable Saturday, scouted around for a centerfielder. He then planned to have Stricker play in the field in the first game and pitch the second game.

Stricker here saw a chance he was looking for. He had asked for a raise in pay and when he heard of the predicament Manager Hooper was in, he calmly informed the Maroon management that he would not play until granted that increase in salary. When Hooper was told of the twirler's ultimatum, he faced the situation with a stern hand and acted quickly. Millman was sent to centerfield in the opening game and Ehmling was reinstated to pitch the second contest. Stricker was suspended indefinitely without pay for insubordination.

When asked how long Stricker would be suspended, Manager Hooper said: "Stricker will not be allowed to play on the Chambersburg team as long as I have anything to do with it. I needed him very badly, he knew it, and he refused to come out and help. And as long as I have anything to do with baseball I will see that he is not allowed to play in organized baseball. Baseball has been organized to protect owners and managers against just such players as Stricker, and I shall do my part in seeing that he is punished. His actions were without reason and he can have no defense for them. He has been petted so long in this town that he thought he could get away with anything. We'll show him that he can't."

CAMP A SUCCESS

Barefoot Method Kept Boys in Good Health.

The Boy Scouts' camp this year was quite a success. A good cook was employed and the boys were supplied with an abundance of the best kind of food. An average of ten boys were in camp each day. During the week they consumed forty seven and a half quarts of milk, fifteen and a half dozen of fresh eggs and between eight and ten pounds of country butter. Twice they were served with fresh meat and had four good meals of freshly caught fish and frog legs. The boys proved that ham is indispensable with eggs for they used twenty two and a half pounds of that commodity. They were all well fed, no food was wasted.

In spite of the three days of damp rainy weather not a single cold has developed among any of the boys. Just before starting for camp Scoutmaster Wagner made a lucky business stroke by purchasing the entire scout equipment of a troop from McConnellsburg. It consisted of seventeen slightly used uniforms and during the rainy weather in camp he was able to keep the boys in dry clothing (with the exception of shoes and stockings) all the time. Rather than have the boys run around in wet shoes and stockings he had them go barefooted until their footwear could be dried. He set the example for them by getting back to nature in barefoot himself.

A few of our good townspeople have criticised the Scoutmaster severely for having the boys go barefooted but the fact that not a single cold has developed in spite of the cold and wet weather seems to show the wisdom of the plan. It was what he considered the best thing to do under the circumstances.

A scout meeting will be held in the scout room of St. James church this evening at seven o'clock. A number of articles were picked up in camp and an effort will be made to restore them to the proper owners. Scouts who lost anything during the outing are requested to make a list and present it at the meeting to-night, before business is begun. All scout business of the year will be disposed of at this time and members are urgently requested to be present. The meeting will start promptly on the hour announced.

CASHTOWN

Cashtown—The heaviest fall of rain since the time of the Johnstown flood was registered here on Friday, and considerable damage was done in many places through this section. The early cherries were ruined as many of them, after the rain, were not worth taking from the trees. Some that were picked and shipped to the city, before the rain, brought \$1.00 for an eight pound basket. The crops through this section all look very promising.

Gettys Bishop had a painful experience one day last week while working on the farm of James Lawrence. He slipped as he stepped from a wagon and dislocated one of the bones in his foot, in addition to tearing several ligaments. Two physicians were summoned and attended to his injuries.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Fisher, of Bunkie, Louisiana, arrived here last week to spend a short time with friends and relatives. They came in their automobile and were on the road ten days during which time their car covered more than 1600 miles. Mr. Fisher could have made the trip in much shorter time but they stopped at several places en route to rest.

Dr. and Mrs. Erwin Diehl, of New York, are spending some time with the doctor's father, James Diehl, of this place.

Harry Raffensperger and family spent Sunday at the home of J. C. Minter.

D. R. Biesecker has enlarged his house by building a two story addition 14x18. The lower floor is used for a kitchen.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Bucher and Mrs. Samuel Hartzell and son, of near Gettysburg, spent Sunday with Mr. Bucher's mother, Mrs. I. W. Bucher.

Mr. and Mrs. Fulton Gallagher and son, who arrived in their automobile from Arizona, stopped a short time at the home of Lewis Carbaugh on Sunday.

ROBBED OF ANOTHER

Rain Falls One Inning too soon for the Ponies.

Duplicating his performance of several weeks ago at Chambersburg, the rain merchant sent down a big shipment at Frederick in the fourth inning of Monday's game just when the Ponies had the long end of a 5-3 score. Taylor was in the box for the Champs and was batted vigorously. Sherman started for Gettysburg, but was soon relieved by Mumford.

GIRL wants work taking care of small child. Inquire Times office.—advertisement

WIDOW lady wants housekeeping or light work. Answer Times office.—advertisement

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents Send in Items of Personal and General Interest in their Communities. Short Paragraphs.

NEW OXFORD

New Oxford—On Sunday afternoon Rev. Mark Stock, pastor of the Immaculate Conception church held baptismal services at which time four children were baptised.

The net receipts of the festival held by the Methodist Church, Mite Society on Saturday evening amounted to \$25.

The household goods sale of John Yingling held last Saturday afternoon amounted to \$95.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Straley and children, of Maytown, spent the week-end visiting relatives in New Oxford.

Frank Straley, of York Springs, was the guest of Mrs. Agnes Straley on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Meckley and daughter, Miss Minnie Haar, of Abbotstown, Mr. and Mrs. Harry McCleary, of York, Mrs. John B. Myers and son, of Thomasville, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Haar.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Boyer and son, Charles, Miss Eva Moore, of York, Mrs. J. Witmer and son, Donald, of Sunbury, were visitors on Sunday at the home of David Slentz.

Rev. Mark Stock is attending the commencement exercises at Mt. St. Mary's college, Emmitsburg. His brother, Simon Stock, will be graduated at the institution.

George Knab, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday at the Mt. Pleasant Fruit Farm, near New Oxford.

Mr. and Mrs. George Klinge spent Sunday in Gettysburg.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Lingg were recent guests of Tempest Noel at Mt. Rock.

Mrs. A. M. Altavator and children, of Baltimore, are guests of Mrs. A. P. Wagner.

Miss Blanche Lingg is spending a week with friends in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Smeach and daughter, of Hanover, spent Sunday with Mrs. Charles Wagner.

Mrs. C. D. McGrail is spending a week with friends in Cashtown and Bienville.

Mrs. N. R. Bailey, of Dillsburg, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Foos.

Arthur Cashman, of Philadelphia, is visiting at the home of Z. H. Cashman.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Smith and children, of Hanover, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Smith.

Mrs. Charles Berry and daughter, Helen, Mrs. C. M. Berry and Harrison Miller, all of Hampstead, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Klinge.

LITTLESTOWN

Littlestown—Mr. and Mrs. Benton Flater, of Uniontown, Md., are visiting at the home of their daughter, Mrs. William N. Formwalt.

Mrs. Mary Long returned to her home Saturday, after spending a week in Gettysburg with her daughter, Mrs. Ira Ziegler.

Mrs. Lydia Shifer, of Brunsdown, visited Joseph P. Staub and family, Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Crouse and three children, Philip, Kenneth and Louis, and Miss Naomi Reck motored to Baltimore Sunday and visited friends.

Miss Catherine Keagy, of Hanover, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Colehouse.

William McSherry Esq., of Gettysburg, spent Sunday at his home in this place.

Mrs. Georgie Bumbaugh returned to her home Sunday evening, after spending a week in Baltimore.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Slagen and two daughters, Rena Louise and Anna Kathryn, of Frederick; Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Eimerbrink and son, Charles, and Mrs. John Lawyer, of York, were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Howard G. Blocher, at their home.

Elmer Buckley, a student at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer D. Buckley.

Miss Anna Ziegler, of Gettysburg, is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Long.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Buckley, of Frederick, visited the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Buckley, on Sunday.

John McGinness, a student at Lebanon Valley College, Annville, is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George B. McGinness.

Master Richard Wisotzky is visiting his grandparents in Hanover.

Mrs. John J. Hill is visiting at the home of her sister in Gettysburg.

Mrs. Harry Hoffman, of Harrisburg, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eberhart.

WAITRESS wanted. Apply 15 Chambersburg street.—advertisement

WILL SHOW NEARBY

It will be One of the Finest Events of the Year.

The Sells-Floto Circus, Buffalo Bill Wild West are this season presenting what they term the "Champion Show of the World," making in excellence, qualities and newness a befitting presentation for circus supremacy. In the "all-champion program" are concerned performers from every civilized country on earth that produces great arena stars. To transport the Sells-Floto Circus from place to place requires 42 double-length railroad cars. There are 1,000 people employed and 35 horses. The city of canvas is erected with machinery and all work about the circus is done by motive power.

The show plays Hagerstown June 26, Frederick June 27, and York June 28.

The street pageant and its thousand and one wonders, gilded vans, beautiful horses, all sorts of musicians, people riding on thrones and horses, the large herds of elephants and all the other glories will leave the show grounds circus day at 10:30 in the morning.—advertisement.

PERSONALS

John Miller, of Baltimore street, is spending some time in New York and at Niagara Falls.

Herman Kane has returned to Baltimore after attending the funeral of his mother, Mrs. John Kane.

Miss Nellie Culp, of South Washington street, is spending this week in Hanover.

Mrs. S. A. Diehl, of Hanover, spent Monday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Hamilton, on North Washington street.

Jacob Rudisill, of Lincoln avenue, is visiting friends and relatives in Harrisburg.

HOME BURNS AFTER WEDDING

Steel Head's Daughter Just Married and Uests at Bridal Feast.

South Norwalk, Conn., June 20.—The summer home of James A. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation, at Rock Ledge, Belle Isle, was burned.

The fire started in a kitchen chimney during the serving of a wedding breakfast. Mr. Farrell's daughter, Miss Mary Theresa, having been married to Joseph Bradley Murray, of Brooklyn, earlier in the day.

Mr. Farrell's home was valued at \$50,000. The members of the family guests and domestics were able to leave the home without harm.

KODAK films, everything in Kodak line always fresh. Huber's Drug Store.—advertisement.

IRON SPRINGS

Iron Springs—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eckert and son, Lawrence, of Table Rock; Mrs. Spangler, of East Berlin, and Calvin Eckert, of Alliance, Ohio, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Allison, at Fairfield Station.

Wilson Hummelbaugh and daughter, Gifford, of Fairfield Station, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lightner at Mt. Hope on Sunday last.

Misses Lovie and Nellie Heagy, of Gettysburg, spent the past week with friends at Fairfield Station.

Elmer Bigham visited at the State Sanatorium on Sunday.

Elmer Bennett spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Mt. Hope.

Mrs. H. F. Smith, Smith's Hat Shop 13 Chambersburg St., Gettysburg wishes to announce that she has leased the HOTEL

SEA SCREST St. James Place Atlantic City N. J. Modern in every respect. Excellent table, large porch, Ocean view bathing from Hotel, etc., where she will be pleased to meet her friends and customers the coming season. For further information or reservation write her direct or inquire.

SMITH'S HAT SHOP

Reduced Prices On All Trimmed Hats at SMITH'S HATS SHOP 13 Chambersburg St. Gettysburg, Pa.

\$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.50. were originally \$4.00, \$5.00 and up to \$6.50

50 Shapes at 50C were \$1.50 and \$2.00

50 " at \$1.00 " 2.00 and 2.50

All Colors, All Styles, none reserved. D-lineator, BUTTERICK FASHIONS and BUTTERICK PATTERNS

For Sale Here

COME TO THE

BASE BALL

Fair and Festival

In The New

Eberhart Garage,

Cor. Chambersburg & Washington Sts., GETTYSBURG.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday

Evenings, JUNE 22, 23, 24.

see the finest garage in Southern Pennsylvania and hear the

GETTYSBURG BAND

in the meanwhile you may be served with an inviting array of refreshments at small cost.

The AUCTION BLOCK

REX BEACH

SYNOPSIS.

CHAPTER I—Peter Knight, defeated for political office in his town, decides to venture New York in order that the family fortunes might benefit by the expected rise of his charming daughter, Lorelei.

CHAPTER II—A well-known critic interviews Lorelei Knight, now stage beauty with Benjamin's Review, for a special article. Her coin-hunting mother outlines Lorelei's ambitions, but Sloston, the press agent, later adds his information.

CHAPTER III—Lorelei attends Millionaire Hammon's gorgeous entertainment. She meets Merkle, a wealthy dyspeptic, who seems fond of scandal.

CHAPTER IV—Bob Wharton breaks in to the ball in a novel way and wins a thousand dollars from his father. Merkle asks Lorelei to be his detective in an affair which he fears. The intoxicated Bob Wharton insults Lorelei and then jumps in the fountain.

CHAPTER V—Jim Knight's doing disquiet Lorelei and arouse her suspicion. Her dressing room partner looms as a central figure in the blackmail scheme against Hammon. Mrs. Croft, the dresser, tells what she heard.

CHAPTER VI.

Lorelei did not secure another word alone with the dresser until the middle of the second act, by which time Mrs. Croft was her own colorless, work-worn self once more.

"I don't know no more than I told you," she informed Lorelei. "Mr. Melcher has been coming here for a long time, and he always talks about Mr.



"Tonight I am an Enchanted Lover."

Hammon. I've heard enough to know that him and her is after his money—millions of it. Mister Jim can tell you everything—"Mrs. Croft broke off her narrative suddenly, and Miss Lynn herself burst into the room, panting from a swift run up the stairs.

"Quick, Croft! Don't be all thumbs now." She tossed a sealed letter upon her table, rapidly unhooked her dress, stepped out of it, and then seated herself, extending her feet for a change of slippers. She took the moment to open and read her note.

Lorelei looked up from her sewing at a little cry of rage from Miss Lynn. Miss Lynn had torn the message into bits and flung it from her; her eyes were blazing.

"The idiot," she cried, furiously, rising so abruptly as almost to upset Mrs. Croft.

"What is it?"

"I—must telephone—quick! I must or—Lorelei, dear, will you do me a favor? Run down to the door and telephone for me? I won't be off again till the curtain, and that will be to late." Lorelei rose obediently. "That's a dear. Call Tony the Barber's place—I've forgotten the number—anyhow, you can find it, and ask for Max. Tell him it's off; he can't come."

"Who can't come? Max?"

"No. Just say, 'Lilas sends word that it's off; he can't come.' He'll understand. There's my cue now. I'll do as much for you." Lilas was off with a rush, and Lorelei hastened after her, speculating vaguely as to the cause of all this anxiety. As Lorelei hurried down the passageway a man in evening dress turned, and she recognized Robert Wharton.

"You are sent from heaven!" he cried, at sight of her. "I enter out of the night and unburden my heart to this jargon-eyed watchman, and, lo! you come flying in answer to my wish. Quick service, Judge. In appreciation of your telepathy I present you with some lumbago cure." He tossed a bank note to Regan, who snatched it eagerly on the fly.

Lorelei forestalled further words. "Please—I must telephone. I go on in a minute."

"Fairly Princess, last night I was a goldfish; tonight I am an enchanted lover."

"Wait! I'm in a hurry." She thumbed the telephone book swiftly in search of her number, but young Wharton was not to be silenced.

"Tell him it's all off," he commanded. "You can't go; I won't let you. Promise." He laid a hand upon the telephone and eyed her severely.

"Don't be silly. I'm telephoning for someone else."

"That's exactly what we can't permit. The 'someone else' is here—I'm it."

"I slapped you last night; I promise to do it again," Lorelei told him, sharply.

"Something whispered that you did, and all day long I have been angry; but tonight I come with another purpose. Outside is a chariot with ninety horses—French ratings—champing at the throttle. We are going away from here."

"You're drunk again, Mr. Wharton?"

He glanced at the clock over Regan's head and shook his head in negation. "It's only ten-twenty. In two hours from now."

"I will be that 'phone.'"

"Promise to tell him it's all off."

She smiled. "All right. I'll use those very words."

Wharton hesitated. "I trust you."

"I'm going to tell him he can't come," she said, holding out her hand.

Once the instrument was hers she oscillated the hook with nervous finger, staring doubtfully at the cause of her delay.

Wharton, as on the evening before, carried his intoxication with an air. He was steady on his feet, immaculate in dress, punctilious in demeanor; only his roving, reckless eye betrayed his unnatural exhilaration.

The Judge had enjoyed the scene. He chuckled, he clicked his loose front teeth like castanets. Bob turned at the sound and regarded him with benignant interest, his attention riveted upon the old man's dental infirmity.

"You're quite a comedian," Regan wheezed.

"Click 'em again," said Bob, pleasantly. "Wonderful! Age has its compensations. Play 'Home, Sweet Home' when you get 'em tuned up. Or perhaps they are for sale?"

Lorelei secured her number and was surprised to recognize her brother's voice. She made herself known, to Jim's equal amazement, and then inquired:

"Is Max there?"

"Sure. He's outside in the automobile."

"Call him, please."

"What do you want of him? How'd you know I was here?"

"Never mind. Call him quickly."

At last Melcher's voice came over the wire, and Lorelei recited the message. There was a moment of silence, then she explained how she came to be talking instead of Lilas.

He thanked her, and she heard him muttering as he hung up. She turned to find her annoyed nodding with satisfaction.

"Splendid! I thank you; my father thanks you; my family thanks you. Now where would you like to dine?"

"How can a person get rid of you?" she inquired stiffly.

"I'm sure I don't know—it isn't being done. But I'll try to think. Wear your prettiest gown, won't you? For I intend to enrage all the other fellows."

She turned with a shrug of mingled annoyance and amusement, and he called after her:

"The Judge's teeth will entertain me till you come. I'll be waiting."

Miss Lynn, as she dressed after the performance, was still in an evil temper; but she thanked her roommate for aiding her; then, as if some explanation were due, she added, "That note was from Jarvis."

"You puzzle me, Lilas," Lorelei told her, slowly. "I don't think you care for him at all."

Lilas laughed. "Why do you think that? I adore him, but we had an engagement and he broke it. Men are all selfish; the bigger they are the more selfish they become. They never do anything you don't make them."

"He can't sacrifice his business for you."

"Sacrifice! It's women who sacrifice themselves. Do you suppose any of those men we met last night would sacrifice himself for anything or anybody? Not much. They are the strong and the mighty. They got rich through robbery, and they're in the habit of taking whatever they want. They made their money out of the blood and suffering of thousands of poor people. That's what it is—blood money."

"Is that why you're planning to blackmail it out of him?"

Lilas paused in her dressing and turned slowly, brows lifted. Her dark eyes met the blue ones unwaveringly.

"Blackmail? What are you talking about?" Mrs. Croft went pale, and retired swiftly but noiselessly into the lavatory, closing the door behind her. "What did Max tell you over the 'phone?" asked Lilas, sharply.

"Nothing."

"Then where did you get—that? From Jim?"

"Jim's pretty bad, I imagine, but he keeps his badness to himself. No, I've overheard you and Max talking."

"Nonsense. We've never mentioned such a thing. The idea is absurd. I get mad at Jarvis—he's enough to madden anybody—perhaps I'm jealous, but blackmail! Why, you're out of your head."

Lorelei delayed her toilet purposely, and finally dismissed Croft. When Croft had finally descended she opened

her door cautiously and peered out. Robert Wharton sat on the top step of the stairway near at hand, but his head rested against the wall, and he slept. Beside him were his high hat, his gloves and his stick. As Lorelei, with skirts carefully gathered, tiptoed past him she saw suspended upon his gleaming white shirt bosom what at first glance resembled a foreign decoration of some sort, but proved to be Mr. Regan's false teeth. They were suspended by a ribbon that had once done duty in the costume of a corymb; they rose and fell to the young man's gentle breathing.

Lorelei telephoned to Merkle on the following day, and about the close of the show that night his card was brought up to her dressing room. A moment later Robert Wharton's followed, together with a tremendous box of long-stemmed roses. She went down a trifle apprehensively, for by this time the current tales of Bob's drunken freaks had given her cause to think somewhat seriously, and she feared an unpleasant encounter. More than once she had witnessed quarrels in the alleyway behind the Circuit, where pestiferous youths of Wharton's caliber were frequent visitors.

But Mr. Merkle relieved her mind by saying, "I sent Bob away on a pretext, although he swore you had an engagement with him."

"I'm glad you did. I left him asleep outside my dressing room last night, and I almost hoped he'd caught pneumonia."

Beside the curb a heavy touring car

was purring, and into this Merkle helped his companion. "I'm not up on the etiquette of this sort of thing," he explained, "but I presume the proper procedure is supper. Where shall it be—Sherry's?"

Lorelei laughed. "You are inexperienced. The Johns never eat on Fifth avenue, the lights are too dim. But why supper? You can't eat."

"A Welsh rabbit would be the death of me; lobsters are poison," he confessed; "but I've read that chorus girls are omnivorous animals and seek their prey at midnight."

"Most of them would prefer bread and milk; anyhow, I would. But I'm not hungry, so let's ride—we can talk better, and you're not the sort of man to be seen in public with one of Bergman's show-girls."

The banker acquiesced with alacrity. To his driver he said, "Take the Long Island road."

The machine glided into noiseless motion.

"Why do you choose the Long Island road?" asked Lorelei.

"It's pleasant," responded Merkle. "I ride nearly every night, and I like the country. You see, I can't sleep unless I'm in motion. I get most of my rest in a car; there's something about the movement that soothes me."

"How funny?"

"Peculiar, perhaps, but scarcely humorous. I'd be dead or insane without an automobile. I keep four French cars in my garage, all specially built as to spring suspension and upholstery, and I spend nearly every night in one or the other of them. So long as I'm moving fast I manage to snatch a miserable sort of repose, but the instant we go slow I wake up. I used to sleep at twenty miles an hour now I can't relax under thirty. Forty is fine—sixty means dreamless peace."

"It does, indeed. If one happens to have a blowout," laughed the girl.

The car was now darting through unfrequented side streets, where the asphalt lay in the shadows like dark pools. Up the approach to the Queensborough bridge it swept, and took the long incline like a soaring bird. Blackwell's island slipped under them, an ink, bottomless pit of despair. The breath of the overheated city changed as by magic, and the thin-faced sufferer at Lorelei's side drank it in eagerly. Even in the dim flash of the passing illuminations she noted how tired and worn he was, and a sudden pity smote her.

"Won't you pretend I'm not here and drive just as you always do? I won't mind," she said.

"My dear, it's late. You'll need to go home."

"No, no."

"Really? His eagerness was genuine. 'Won't your people worry?'"

Her answer was a short, mirthless laugh that made him glance at her curiously. "They know I'm perfectly safe. It's the other way round: a man of your standing takes chances by being alone with a woman of mine."

"Which reminds me of Miss Lynn and Mr. Hammon. You've decided to accept my offer?"

"No. I can't be a hired spy."

"You said over the 'phone that you had learned something."

"I have. I believe there is an effort on foot to get some of Mr. Hammon's money dishonestly. I have a reason for wishing to prevent it."

"I knew I wasn't mistaken in you," smiled Merkle.

"Oh, don't attribute my actions to any high moral motives! I'm getting a little rusty on right and wrong. Personally, I have no sympathy with Mr. Hammon, and I don't imagine he acquired all of his tremendous fortune in a perfectly honorable way. Besides, he's a married man."

"It isn't alone Jarvis or his family or their money that is concerned," Merkle said, gravely. "Great financial institutions sometimes rest on foundations as slight as one man's personality—one man's reputation for moral integrity. A breath of suspicion of any sort at the wrong time may bring on a crash involving innocent people."

"Hammon at this moment carries a tremendous top-heavy burden of responsibilities; his death would be no mere disastrous than a scandal that would tend to destroy public confidence in him as a man."

"Doesn't he know that himself?"

"Perhaps. But his infatuation overtook him at an age when a man is a

fool. Years ago he always obtains

of suspicion in the financial world, for their emotions are unruly; but when old men fall in love they are superbly heedless of the consequences. I promised to tell you something about Jarvis, and I will, since you spoke of his married life. From the time he could walk he never knew anything, never heard anything except steel. He became a rolling-mill superintendent almost before he was of age. They say he never did less than two men's work, and often more; but he could make others work, too, and there lay the secret of his success. His mill held the tonnage record for years.

"When the corporation was formed he played a big part in the deal and got a big slice of the profits. He went into other things than steel, and he prospered. He never failed at anything. Jarvis had no vices and but one hobby—at least his vices were neutral, for he had never taken time to acquire the positive kind. His hobby was Napoleon Bonaparte. He read everything there was to read about Napoleon; he studied his life and patterned his own on similar lines. Do I bore you, Miss Knight?"

"No; go on. I'm tremendously interested."

"Well, naturally, Hammon began to consider himself another Napoleon, and his accomplishments were in a way quite as wonderful. He even confided to me once that his idol surpassed him in only one respect—namely, the power to relax. Jarvis had never taken time for relaxation, and he was beginning to wear out; and so—he deliberately set about learning to play. The emperor of France, so history tells us, took his greatest pleasure in the company of women; therefore Hammon sought women. He doesn't know the taste of defeat, so the result was foreordained."

"But surely he thought something of his family," protested Lorelei.

"Didn't he consider them?"

"I fancy he wasn't well acquainted with his family. I'm sure he never enjoyed any home life, as we understand it. He lived with a rich old woman who bore his name but scarcely knew him; his daughters were grown women whom he saw on rare occasions and whose extravagant whims he gratified without question. But there was little real intimacy, little sympathy. This was his first taste of youth. But—he was not Napoleon. As you've noticed, he's quite mad on the Lynn woman. He's no longer himself. He has been dragged by her charms, and now he's paying the price. I wanted you to know the story before we went any further. Now tell me what you have learned."

(Continued to-morrow)

TO ERADICATE YELLOW FEVER IN SOUTH AMERICA

General Gorgas Heads Commission Sent by Rockefeller Foundation.

The international health board of the Rockefeller foundation has constituted a yellow fever commission consisting of the following: General William C. Gorgas, U. S. A., chairman; Dr. Henry R. Carter, chief of United States public health service; Dr. Juan Gutierrez, clinician and general adviser head of public health service of Cuba and authority on yellow fever; Dr. C. C. Lyster, clinician; Dr. Eugene R. Whitmore, pathologist; Dr. William D. Wrightson, sanitary engineer; Harry H. Wakefield, secretary.

To undertake this work General Gorgas has obtained leave of absence from the United States army for four months.

The commission sailed recently on the steamer Albatross for a trip to various points in South America where yellow fever is still supposed to exist. Its purpose will be to gather information and report upon the feasibility of a campaign for the complete eradication of the disease wherever it is still to be found.

The commission will go first to Caracas, Venezuela, and then to Colon, Panama. Crossing the isthmus, it will sail down the west coast of South America, stopping at various points, especially Guayaquil, Ecuador, one of the chief points where yellow fever is still prevalent.

The commission will sail around the south coast of South America and then stop at various points in Brazil. Particular investigation will be made of conditions in Manaus, Pernambuco and Bahia, in Brazil.

The opening of the canal has wrought radical changes in trade relations. Countries and ports between which there has been little or no exchange are to be brought into close relation.

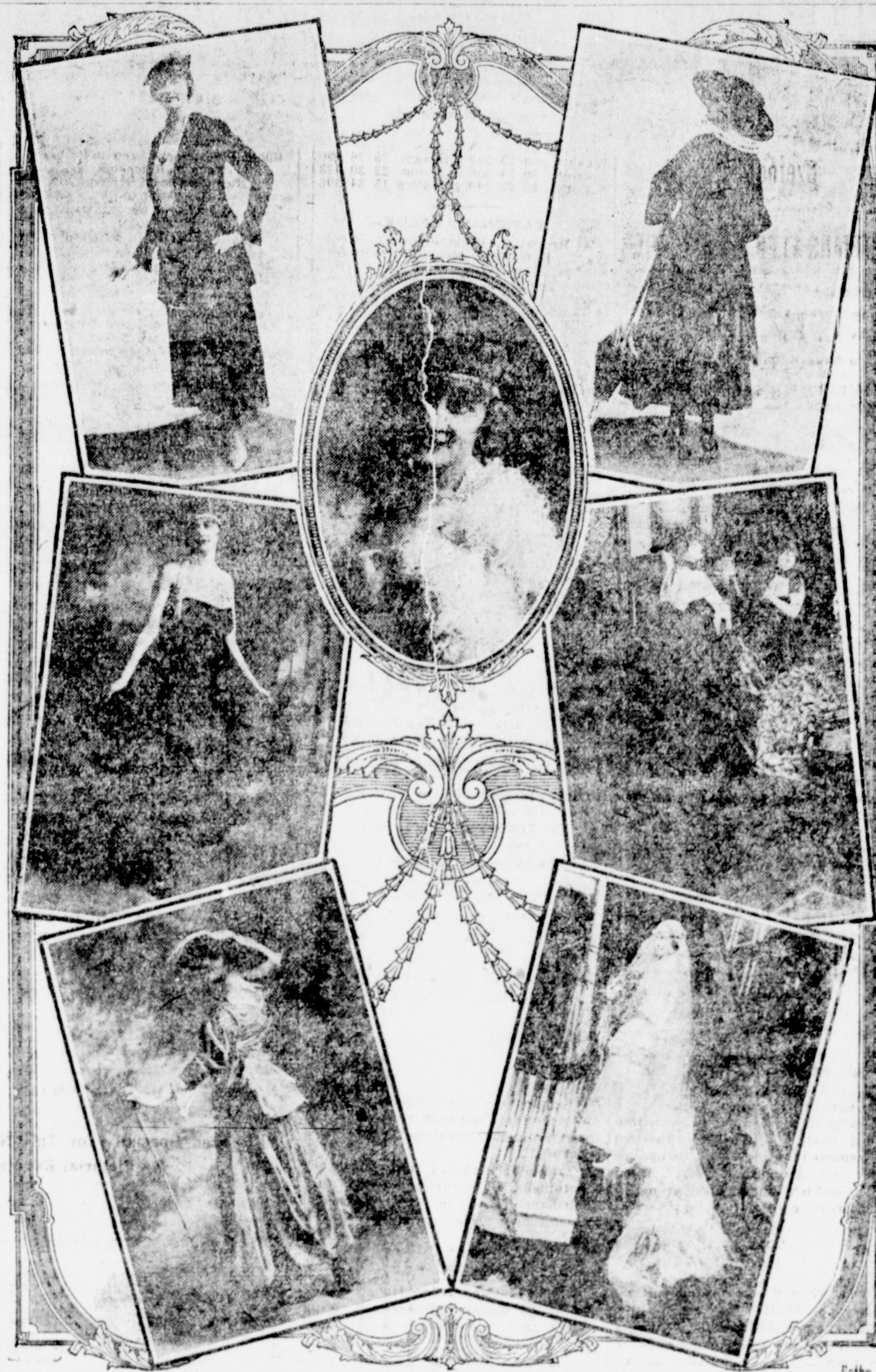
Pestholes of infection that have been relatively harmless because of their isolation are going to be on or near the world's highway of commerce and travel.

It is recognized by sanitarians that if the infection should once be introduced into the orient, with its dense population of nonimmunes, the ill resulting from it would be incalculable.

The opening of the Panama canal thus calls for a new sanitary map of a large region affected by the canal and for a new sanitary program to meet the changed conditions.

General Gorgas, who was called by the international health board into consultation on this subject, was asked what he regarded as the more urgent of the sanitary needs arising out of the Panama canal and what, if anything, might be undertaken with promise of definite and lasting results. He replied without hesitation, "The control of yellow fever."

Prior to the work of Reed and the army commission in Havana yellow fever was regarded as one of the great plagues. The discovery of Reed made the control of the infection possible. So far as our own country is concerned the terrors of yellow fever have been drawn. Its eradication from Havana removed the chief source of our danger.



Anna Nilsson's Magnificent Wardrobe.

Even those who have acquired "war brides" and raised "war babies" that return all sorts of munificent dividends seldom have the chance to see \$50,000 worth of women's clothes hanging on comparatively few hooks in a casual sort of way. In some of the modish Fifth Avenue shops in New York one can, of course, see a half million dollars' worth of clothes waiting for wearers. But not often does \$50,000 worth get itself into one room for the use of just one woman.

Yet in the dressing room of Miss Anna Nilsson, one of the stars of "Who's Gilty?", the new Pathe series, there are gowns whose cost rivals the salary of the President of the United States. All of these gowns were designed exclusively for Miss Nilsson's use in the "Who's Gilty?" series by Hickson, modiste of New York's Four Hundred. They range from the flimsiest silver-trimmed chiffons to fur-topped silks. To a mere man their cost seems to run in inverse ratio to their weight—the less there is of them the more they cost.

But Miss Nilsson is thoroughly at home in all this luxury. A deft little maid—also blonde and nearly as pretty as Miss Nilsson herself—does nothing but take care of them before Miss Nilsson wears them, and after she returns them at night. There they hang under a cheap muslin cloth, the sharpest contrast in the world; a king's ransom protected by a few yards of shoddy.

In the adjoining room to this wardrobe is Miss Nilsson's real dressing-room. It is anything but what one would expect of an actress—unless one knows that actresses are not all they're painted. A neater, simpler, "homer," and more comfortable room could not be imagined. Everything has its place—and is in its place. Even the chairs take on the primness with which the whole room seems endowed. And on the walls are no smoke-stained portraits of prize-winning heroes or scented reminders of the dance.

Just above Miss Nilsson's dressing-table is a splendid photographic reproduction of one of Sorolla's charming surf pictures, every figure seemingly as alive as if humans actually were posing for a second in the frame. Bordered by this are copies in sepia of two flood pictures of Nordstrom, the great Swedish painter, who comes from Helsingfors, where Miss Nilsson was born. Flanking these and all about are photographs of the world's greatest marble statues. On the dressing-table, in a beautiful gold frame, is a marble effigy of Dante.

Seeming out of place in such delicate surroundings, on another wall, hangs a huge, two-handed sword such as the Crusaders carried almost a thousand years ago. And, sure enough, this is a family heirloom of Miss Nilsson on her mother's side, whose hard-fighting English ancestors went forth against the Saracens in the days when war meant individual combat.

And right here enters Miss Nilsson's one superstition: She will not permit her dressing-room at the Arrow studios to be photographed. Every effort—and every trick known to the persuasive camera man—has been used to get her permission for a series of pictures of her in this charming work-room. So far Miss Nilsson has defied every attempt. Some day—well, some day she may change her very charming feminine mind.

J. A. BERST TALKS OF PROPOSED AUTHOR'S UNION

The latest attempt to pilfer from the motion picture industry a portion of some of the vast profits which it is popularly supposed to be getting was indicated in the New York papers of recent date. According to the story

indicated in the New York papers of recent date. According to the story of the "Author's League of America," of which Winston Churchill is the president, and Theodore Roosevelt the vice-president, is considering the advisability of joining the American Federation of Labor with the express purpose of "bringing them up to men to time" by holding them up for ten per cent. of the profits of the picture, this ten per cent. to be paid the author of the story, idea or scenario from which the picture is made.

Thompson Buchanan, secretary of the Executive Committee, is reported to have said that any picture which nets the producer or distributor \$35,000. Should pay the author at least \$3,500. One of the arguments advanced is that "an author gets from \$500 to \$1,500 for an idea or scenario which costs the producer not more than \$15,000 to prepare for use and from which he reaps not less than \$35,000."

As a lever for their arguments the disgruntled scribes plan to make use of the cameramen and mechanicals who are now affiliating with the American Federation of Labor. Thus if

the picture manufacturer does not accede to their terms they expect to call out their fellow union men—the camera men and the tie up the plant as tight as a drum.

Mr. J. A. Berst, vice-president and general manager of Pathe, when the above statements were called to his attention, refused to be alarmed.

"In the first place," he said, "the author's argument rests upon a false premise. They take no account of the picture which does not pay its way and which represents a loss and not a profit. We would be only too glad to buy at a high price any and every idea for a picture to cost not more than \$15,000 that would positively give to us net profits of \$35,000, but it can't be done. The value of a story for picture purposes is a gamble, and the picture itself is a gamble. Who takes the risk, the author or the producer? The author spends the time of one man, himself, for a week or so. The producer spends six or seven weeks or more upon a feature picture, with high priced players and with extras, cameramen, property men, all drawing salaries and fattening the overhead upon that picture. It costs about thirty per cent. to market a feature in addition to the producing cost which is never as low as \$15,000, for a good production with first class players. In view of this cost the author receiving ten per cent. of the

profits would earn less money than he does on the basis of the present plan, and as many features actually lose money, on such pictures he would get nothing for his work. It strikes me that \$3,500 is an excessive price for the idea for one feature picture. We have frequently paid high prices for the picture rights to some well-known book or play, but in those instances we were also buying the publicity which naturally is a part of such a work through its popularity with many persons.

"It is stated that the Author's League now numbers 1200 members, and that it is expected by the end of the year there will be 3,000, which number is supposed to include practically all the scenario writers. The motion picture business has reared up its own school of dramatists, and I fail to see where the business would have to be dependent upon any author's association. There, neither is nor can be any monopoly of writing talent—that is a field of human endeavor that is open to any one. The famous writer frequently falls down when he writes for the screen, for the requirements of the art differ from those of the stage, the short story or the novel.

"Finally, let me reassure the Author's League as to the fabulous profits in the motion picture business. They don't exist, press reports to the contrary."

Scientific Aid to Physicians. Silk fabrics, heavily impregnated with the salts of lead or tin are being made in France for X-ray garments for physicians.

Tabloid Sermon. It's just as important to be sure you are strong before backing out as it is to be sure you are right before going ahead.—Indianapolis Star.

Care of Ferns. House ferns will grow rapidly if a thin coating of fine charcoal is sifted over the soil in which they are planted.

YOU THINK YOU'RE SMART
BOBBY VAN LOON THE WAY
YOU ANSWERED THAT QUESTION?

SURE I'M SMART
SMART'S MY MIDDLE
NAME.

I'LL BETCHA A MILLION
DOLLARS YOU CAN'T
ANSWER THE NEXT
QUESTION.

SURE I CAN!
I BETCHA.

BOBBY VAN LOON—
CAN YOU DESCRIBE THE
BOUNDARY LINES OF
GERMANY?

NO MA'M
I CAN'T
I HAVEN'T.

READ THE
LATEST EDITION
OF THE PAPER
YET!

G. W. WEAVER & SON

THE STORE THAT SELLS WOOLTEX

Don't buy a Summer Skirt that must be made over after laundering

Choose one of our shrunk wash skirts—it fits when you buy it; it fits after you launder it

When you buy a summer wash skirt, you shouldn't have to make it over after it is laundered. You've doubtless had that experience and know the annoyance it caused you, to say nothing of the uncertain result.

The only washable skirt that can be depended upon always to fit, is one in which the materials, even to the belting, are pre-shrunk the Wooltex way.

Launder them every week if you wish. When they come back from the laundry, you'll not have to put on a new waist band or let out the hem.

Fashionable, smartly tailored and beautifully fitting are these Wooltex tailored summer skirts.

\$2.00 to \$5.00.

Other makes of Wash Skirts in White and Stripes . . . \$1.00 to \$2.00

Both Wilson and Marshall Began Careers as Lawyers

President, However, Took Up College Work—Renomination Comes During Administration Marked by European War.

Vice President First Became Prominent as Governor of Indiana, Only Other Office Held—Wife Aided in Election.

HISTORY will make note that the Democratic convention at St. Louis was a ratification gathering. It assembled to nominate for president and vice president respectively Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall.

When the story of Woodrow Wilson shall come to be written historians no doubt will divide his life into four periods—forty-six years of study of government and preparation; eight years of experience as executive head of a university, fitting him for action; three years in the practical field of politics

New Jersey, being elected Nov. 8, 1910. The state had consistently been carried by the Republicans for sixteen consecutive years before that election. He advocated important reform legislation and it was embodied in the state laws. Wilson carried to the people his fight on Senator James Smith, Jr., the Democratic boss who aspired to the senatorship, and defeated him.

Addressed Congress Personally.

In 1912, at the Democratic convention in Baltimore, on the forty-sixth ballot he was nominated by a vote of 490 to Champ Clark's 54. Then followed the

causes, more worries to Mr. Wilson than any president since Lincoln's time has had to contend with.

Uses a Typewriter.

Wilson is the only president of the United States and the only actual head of any nation or government in the world who uses a typewriter and shorthand notes together. He is the only head of a government to use a typewriter at all. His usual method in preparing a speech, diplomatic paper or anything of that sort is to write it all out in shorthand first; then, sitting down to his typewriter with the shorthand notes before him, he transcribes the notes into as good English as any man can write.

Like his predecessor as Democratic president, he really has more than two names. The late Grover Cleveland's full name was Stephen Grover Cleveland. Mr. Wilson's full name is Thomas Woodrow Wilson. Each dropped the first name early in life.

Likes Golf and Walking.

The president's love of plain fun and good stories is in itself a refutation of the idea that he is a reserved, austere scholar with aristocratic leanings. Whether it was aboard a train, in the smoking room of the steamer bound for Bermuda, in the quiet of his study at Princeton or at the White House, Mr. Wilson has revealed himself as a very approachable individual.

He stands five feet ten inches in his socks, and his weight of 177 pounds is well placed. "He can run half a mile at a good clip without losing his wind," an admirer of his said recently. Golf and walking are his favorite exercises.

The Vice President.

Thomas Riley Marshall, renominated for the vice presidency by the Democrats, won his success in politics by reforms. It might be added, too, that he won by virtue of a good stock of native ability and resourcefulness.

Mr. Marshall was born in Manchester, Ind., March 14, 1854, and is two and a half years older than Woodrow Wilson. He had a common school education before entering Wabash college, from which he was graduated in 1873. On his twenty-first birthday he was admitted to the practice of law in Columbus City, Ind., and remained there until his election as governor of the state.

At the bar he was known chiefly for his wit and resourcefulness as a trial lawyer and his habit of careful and thorough preparation. One of his brother lawyers remarked about him that "to spring a surprise on Tom Marshall you needn't get up early in the morning. You have to sit up all night."

Marshall Likes New Things.

In his campaign for the governorship of Indiana, the only office held by Mr. Marshall besides the vice presidency he introduced a new style of stumping the state, a leisurely, homely way. He and Mrs. Marshall traveled about the state without much plan or purpose mapped out, and wherever they went he told the people what he thought about politics and state affairs. He held no conferences with local leaders, but continued his amiable way. Practical politicians laughed at him. There was not even any handshaking or cigar giving in his plan. But on election day "Little Tom" Marshall was elected.

In his first term of office Marshall was opposed by the state senate, which was Republican. In the election of



WOODROW WILSON.

In winning the governorship of New Jersey and conducting the affairs of that office, and finally the administration of the presidency of the United States. The key to Woodrow Wilson's career is found in that major division of forty-six years devoted to preparation. To understand him he must be thought of as a man who has gone through such a training and is an indefatigable worker.

Born in Virginia.

Woodrow Wilson was born in Staunton, Va., on Dec. 28, 1856, the son of Joseph R. and Jessie Woodrow Wilson. The stock is Scotch-Irish. The early years of his life were spent in South Carolina and Georgia, where his father, a minister of the Presbyterian church, had charges, and at seventeen he was sent to Davidson college. Two years later he went north to enter Princeton and was graduated in 1879. At college he was a prime favorite with his fellows—not overstudious, as one may judge from his rank of forty-first in a class of 122.

From Princeton Wilson went to the University of Virginia. There he studied law for one year. From Virginia Wilson went to Atlanta and there sought to eke out a living by selling his knowledge of law to clients. The clients did not come—not altogether to Wilson's dismay, for he was not interested in the practice of law, but in its principles—and a year later found him at Johns Hopkins university. In 1885 he published his book, "Congressional Government—A Study of Government by Committee." This is now largely used as a textbook in colleges and graduate schools in this country.

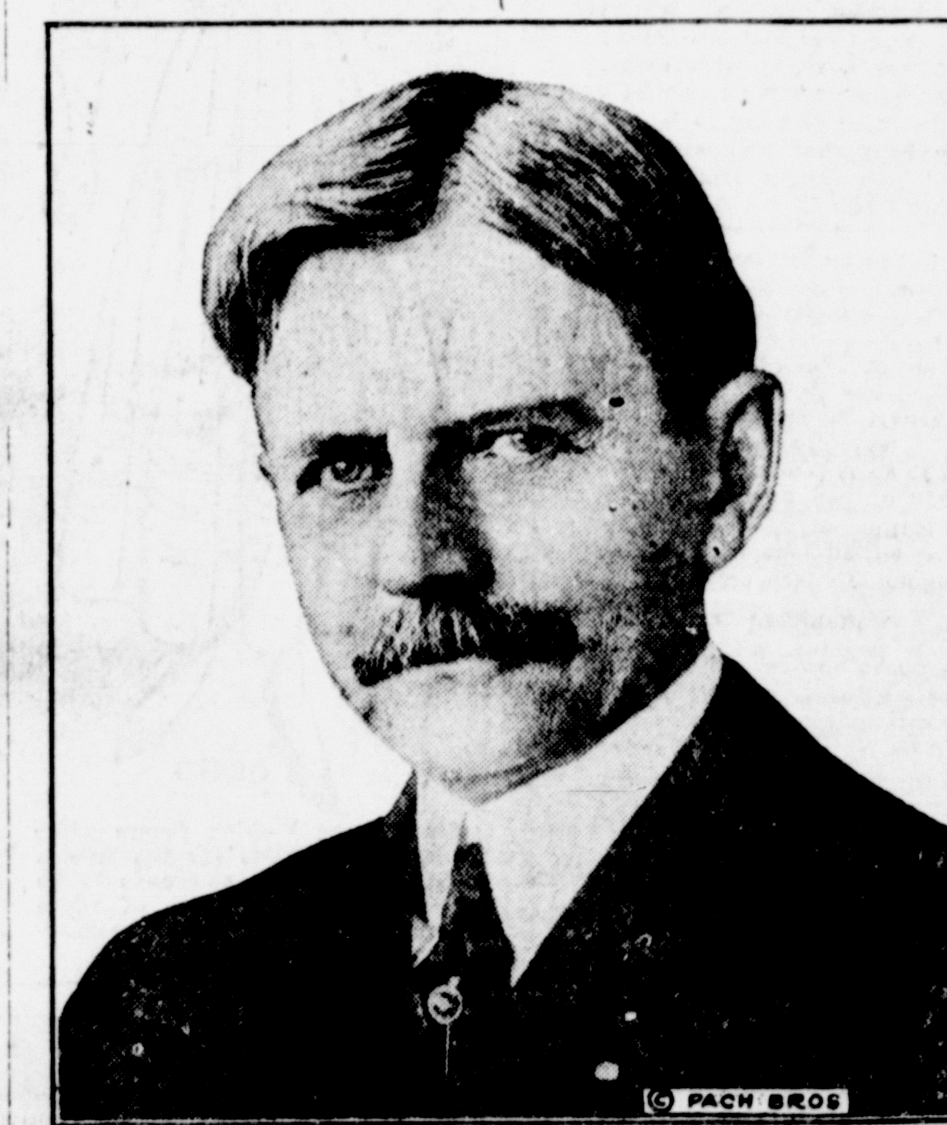
His Two Marriages.

In the summer of 1885, just before taking up his work as professor at Bryn Mawr, he married Miss Ellen Louise Axson of Savannah. Mrs. Wilson died at the White House Aug. 6, 1914, and the president married Dec. 18, 1915, Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt of Washington. The president has three daughters—Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, Mrs. Francis Bowes Sayre and Mrs. William Gibbs McAdoo, wife of the secretary of the treasury.

Wilson entered the faculty of Princeton university in 1890 and was made professor of political economy and jurisprudence, later of jurisprudence and politics. In 1902, upon the death of the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, he was elected president of Princeton university. He was the first man not a clergyman to hold that office.

For eight years he served that university as its head and was constantly voted the most popular man on the faculty, while his courses were voted both difficult and popular.

From the presidency of Princeton he became the associate governor of



THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

of representatives and addressed congress, assembled in joint session, thus reverting to the practice of early presidents.

Administration Full of Worries.

Since reaching the White House President Wilson has had no end of trouble. The Mexican affair has caused him more than one worried day. The Vera Cruz and Huerta incidents and finally the bandit raid which resulted in the sending of our troops over the border have all been part of the president's worries.

It is the terrible conflict abroad, however, which began in his second year in office, that has caused, and still

Daily Thought.

Seize then the minutes as they pass. Live to some purpose, make thy life a gift of use to thee—a joy, a good, a golden hope, a heavenly argosy.—Coleridge.

Considerable Difference.

The difference between a newspaper report and one which you hear from a friend is this: The newspaper has taken some pains to find out whether it is true, whereas your friend hasn't.

By-Product Made of Value.

Water and fireproof barrels will be made in Hawaii from bagasse, a sugar mill by-product, for exporting sugar and importing potash.



Shoes For Men

Are you on your feet all day?

You want shoes that are supremely comfortable.

Try Ralston's.

They are comfort itself. The secret is, lasts that are anatomically correct.

Stylish? Decidedly yes. See the new models and judge for yourself.

O. H. LESTZ,

The Home Of Good Clothes, Cor Square and Carlisle St.

FESTIVAL

at Wenksville

Saturday, June 24th

FOR BENEFIT OF M. E. CHURCH

10 Acres of Grass FOR SALE

AT

George Basehoar, 401 BUFORD ST.

NO TRESPASSING

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned, for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the law of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

J. J. Redding, Cumberland Twp.
R. 3, Gettysburg, Pa.
Paul S. Reaver, Freedom Twp.
R. 3, Gettysburg, Pa.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, June 18, 1916.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at New Oxford and Hanover; and except Sunday for York. Daily except Sunday, leave 9:51 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 10:13 a. m., for Hagerstown and intermediate stations and the West.

Daily, 6:07 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily except Sunday 6:53 p. m. for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland, Elkins, Pittsburgh and the West.

S. Ennes, C. F. Stewart, Gen'l Mgr. Gen'l Passenger Ag't.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse

corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr.,

Successor to J. Geo. Wolf & Sons Co.

Wheat 96

Rye 70

Ear Corn

Oats

Shomaker Stock Foot Per 100

Green Cross Horse Chop Feed \$1.60

White Middlings \$1.70

Cottonseed Meal \$1.95 per Ton

Coarse Spring Bran \$1.20

Hand Packed Bran \$1.40

Corn and Oats Chop \$1.60

Red Middlings \$1.60

Baled Straw65

Timothy Hay \$1.15

Plaster \$1.35

Cement \$1.50 per bbl.

Flour per bbl. \$5.90

Western Flour \$7.20

Wheat \$1.15

Ear Corn80

Shelled Corn35

Western Oats55

Home Oats50

New Oxford Dairy Feed \$1.45

Badger Dairy Feed \$1.40

FESTIVAL

By the Ladies' Aid Society on the lawn of

Grace Church

Saturday, July 1

ALL INVITED

Medical Advertising NO HEADACHE OR NEURALGIA PAIN

Get a 10 cent package of Dr. James' Headache Powders and don't suffer.

When your head aches you simply must have relief or you will go wild. It's needless to suffer when you can take a remedy like Dr. James' Headache Powders and relieve the pain and neuralgia at once. Send someone to the drug store now for a dime package of Dr. James' Headache Powders. Don't suffer! In a few moments you will feel fine—headache gone—no more neuralgia pain.

Gettysburg, Pa. W. H. EVANS

256 S. Washington St. Manufacturers of Ice Cream and Ices and Block Cream.

Both wholesale and Retail United Phone 143Y

FOR SALE

Six year old horse, weight 1400 lbs., well broken and an exceptionally good horse.

Eight fine Chester White Pigs

Chas. McIntire, FOUNTAINDALE.

Bell phone, Fairfield 14-R-5.

Medical Advertising HAVE ROSY CHEEKS AND FEEL FRESH AS A DAISY—TRY THIS!

Says glass of hot water with phosphate before breakfast washes out poisons.

To see the thing of healthy bloom in your face, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, to wake up without a headache, backache, coated tongue or a nasty breath, in fact to feel your best, day in and day out, just try inside-bathing every morning for one week.

Before breakfast each day, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it as a harmless means of washing from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, sweetens and freshens the skin, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the blood and internal organs. Those who are subject to constipation, bilious attacks, acid stomach, rheumatic twinges, also those whose skin is sallow and complexion pallid, are assured that one week of inside-bathing will have them both looking and feeling better in every way.

SAN YGNACIO LONG UNEASY.

Threatened by Luis de la Rosa, the Bandit Leader, For Weeks.

San Ygnacio, where the latest raid by Mexican bandits took place, with a population of 200, is on the Texas side of the Rio Grande, about thirty-five miles south of Laredo and about forty-five miles north of Fort Ringgold, near Rio Grande city. Laredo is the nearest railroad station.

The town is a supply point for farmers and ranchmen in a remote region of Zapata county.

San Ygnacio and also Zapata, the county seat of Zapata county, had been threatened for weeks by Luis de la Rosa, the bandit leader of the states of Tamaulipas and Nuevo Leon. These towns are opposite the state of Tamaulipas. There is a ford at San Ygnacio, but the Rio Grande in that region is not fordable at this season of the year.

The last important raid on the Big Bend region at Glen Springs took place the first week in May, when a band of Mexican bandits descended upon the night encampment of a small body of United States troops. In the fight that followed four Americans were slain.

Since that raid a few minor forays have kept the guardians of American soil busy in the Big Bend country.

NEW COMMERCIAL ATTACHE FOR LONDON.

Pierce C. Williams of New York has been appointed American commercial attaché at London to succeed Albertus H. Baldwin, who has held the post since the commercial attaché service was inaugurated, nearly two years ago, by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce. At the time of his appointment by Secretary Redfield, Mr. Williams was connected with W. R. Grace & Co. of New York, having charge of their foreign trade in ores. He had previously been employed with the Crucible Steel Company of America, for which concern he traveled extensively in South America and Europe. Further expert knowledge in foreign trade promotion was acquired as an official of the Pittsburgh chamber of commerce.

Mr. Williams is only thirty years of age and is the youngest member of the commercial attaché staff. He leaves at once for his new post.

I will be in Gettysburg every TUESDAY at Penrose Myers' Jewellery store, to examine eyes and fit glasses.

W. H. DINKLE, Graduate of Optics. Home Office, 29 E. 4th St., Carlisle, Pa.

DR. M. T. DILL DENTIST Biglerville, Pa.

Will be at Biglerville the first and third Friday of each month; at Ardenville the second and fourth Friday and at York Springs every Wednesday.

BOTH PHONES.

FOR SALE 90,000 First Class Chestnut Shingles.

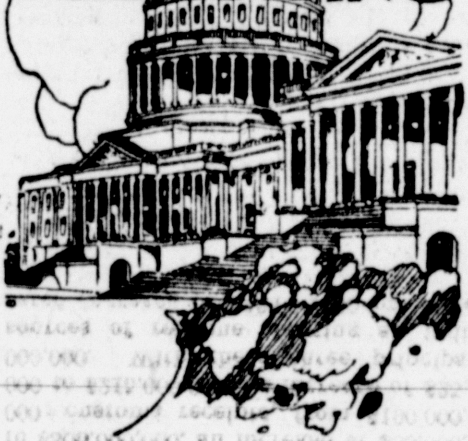
MRS. KATHERINE PEPPE, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.

(Medical Advertising)

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY for STOMACH trouble ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE

Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for Stomach Ailments. For sale by The People's Drug Store and druggists everywhere.

WHAT UNCLE SAM'S EXPERTS ARE DOING



UNCLE SAM'S INCOME.

Treasury department officials estimate that the government's receipts during the current fiscal year ending June 30 will be from \$90,000,000 to \$100,000,000 more than estimated when congress convened. Revised estimates showed the increases approximately as follows: Income tax, from \$85,000,000 to \$120,000,000, an increase of \$35,000,000 over the original estimate; ordinary internal revenue receipts from \$272,000,000 to \$305,000,000, an increase of \$33,000,000; customs receipts, from \$100,000,000 to \$125,000,000, an increase of \$25,000,000. With these three principal sources of revenue showing an indicated increase of \$93,000,000 over the original estimates, officials believe minor sources will help bring the total income close to \$100,000,000.

Customs receipts show that the government already has collected duties aggregating \$185,446,442, only \$1,000 less than the sum collected this time last year and within \$5,500,000 of the sum originally estimated for the entire year. Customs receipts have been steadily rising since last December and now have passed \$20,000,000 a month. Continuance of present conditions for another year, officials believe, would result in the customs receipts nearly reaching the level attained before the war.

DR. PRATT'S ADDRESS.

Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, chief of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, in a recent lecture discussed the problems that the American lumber industry faces. Here are some of his statements:

"Great instability has prevailed in the lumber industry—an instability that has made losses and not profits the order of the day.

"You are seeking a purely legal remedy for a problem which is purely economic.

"The lumber industry must find more efficient marketing methods and larger markets for its products.

"Foreign trade is one of the things vitally necessary if the lumber industry is to be put on its feet.

"Probably most lumber manufacturers have never exported a stick of lumber.

"Our lumber has sold in Europe, but it has sold itself.

"Foreign trade is conducted through exactly the same fundamental business principles as domestic trade.

"The yellow pine industry should take upon the matter of measurements in the South American trade.

"Why not have in every important center of South America an agency of this association which would keep its eyes open for opportunities?

"Why not have a score of offices to demonstrate to South America how to use wood to the best advantage?"

USE MORE PETROLEUM.

The United States geological survey reports that there was a marked increase in the use of petroleum as a locomotive fuel by the railroads of the United States in 1915. The quantity of oil fuel so consumed last year was 26,648,493 barrels, an increase of 5.55% over 25,248,000 barrels, or 18 per cent over the similar consumption in 1914.